

SUBLIMINAL™ TREATMENT GUIDELINES **VICTOR CHONG, MD (OXFORD – UK)**





REATMENT PREPARATION: FOCUS

In order to guarantee a perfect laser beam focus, it is **important** to set the slit lamp ocular rings properly (diopter compensation adjustment).



This **compulsory step** must be performed with the focusing rod of the slit lamp.

LASER SETTINGS

Laser Lens: Volk Area Centralis (0.94x)

Spot Size: 160 µm

SubLiminal™ Mode / Duty Cycle: 5%

Exposure Time: 0.2 s



TITRATION PROCEDURE (COMPULSORY STEP BEFORE TREATMENT)

- A single spot is used to determine the thermal threshold of each patient.
- The power dose is evaluated in macular periphery in a healthy area.
- Increase the power level until a barely visible threshold burn is observed.
- Reduce the power to 50 % of the threshold power level for treatment.



PATTERN SELECTION FOR THE TREATMENT

Customizable Macular Grid:

- Set size of the non-treatment area (radius A).
- Set size of the treatment area (distance B).
- Adjust the pattern width to fit the treatment area.
- Set the spacing to 0 (laser impacts must be confluent).
- Deliver the burst of impacts in several times.

Square: when the macular grid cannot be used

- Adjust the size of the pattern.
- Set the spacing to 0 (laser impacts must be confluent).
- Deliver the burst of impacts in several times.



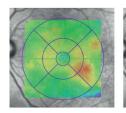


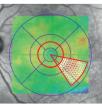




A. Treatment of Diabetic Macular Edema (DME)

OCT guided treatment: Treatment of identified edematous areas





Non-center involved DME:

The SubLiminal™ treatment can be used as single therapy. It induces biological changes in the RPE microenvironment that close the micro-aneurysms and dry the edema.

Foveal involved DME:

The best treatment option regarding this group of patients still remains an open question.

- In general anti-VEGF therapy is more likely to be the first line treatment. Once the edema is settled, SubLiminal™ laser can be used as a second line treatment to reduce the number of reinjections.
- In patients without visual loss, SubLiminal™ laser can be considered as a first line treatment.

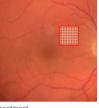
If the edema deteriorates, then anti-VEGF therapy can be added.

B. Treatment of Central Serous Chorioretinopathy (CSCR):

FA guided treatment: Treatment of the "hot spots" on mid-phase FA. ICGA guided treatment: Treatment of the hyperfluorescent areas on mid-phase ICGA.







Treatment

Important:

During the treatment:

- No visible reaction must be seen during the treatment.
- There is **no need to change power** with different degrees of edema.
- Laser impacts must be confluent (dense treatment).

After the treatment:

- DME Treatment Follow-up / Results at 3 months minimum.
- CSCR Treatment Follow-up / Results at 6 weeks minimum.



